

Section One: English in Use (Questions 1-10)

Choose the correct answer (A), (B), (C), or (D) for each question, statement, or phrase.

1. Sorry I'm late. Have you been here long?
A. Yes I am. B. For about 10 minutes.
C. Not at all. D. I'm angry with you.
2. Is the museum very far from here?
A. Sure, go ahead. B. No, just take the plane
C. That's right. D. Yes, it is. You'd better take a taxi
3. I had an accident.
A. Good for you B. Oh, congratulations.
C. I'm sorry, forgive me. D. I'm sorry. Are you OK?
4. Don't you love Italian food?
A. Yes, it's delicious. B. Yes. I don't.
C. Yes. I live in Italy. D. No. It's delicious.
5. I don't like horror movies.
A. Me too. B. Me neither.
C. Me? I don't. D. Me? I do.
6. Do you mind if I bring my sister to the party?
A. Yes, I do. B. Not at all. We'd love to meet her.
C. Of course. D. Yes, I do. We'd love to meet her.
7. Welcome to Syria. Have you ever been here before?
A. I have been here. B. I have been there.
C. No. It's my first time. D. No. It's my second time.
8. Can I sit here, please?
A. Where? B. Sit there please.
C. Yes, certainly. D. Take a seat please.
9. I will drive you to the station.
A. That's really nice of you. B. That's really very bad.
C. Do you need money? D. Certainly.
10. What are your shoes made of?
A. It's made from milk.
B. I don't know. Leather, I think.
C. They're really nice!
D. They're a gift from my mom.

Section Two: Structure (Questions 11-30)

Choose the correct answer (A), (B), (C), or (D) for each question, statement, or phrase.

11. is your phone number?
A. Why B. What C. How D. Who
12. Who are people over there?
A. this B. these C. that D. those

13. Is this coat?
A. yours B. your C. yours' D. your's
14. He lives in the same street me.
A. that B. like C. as D. than
15. Who the window?
A. open B. do open C. opened D. did open
16. There aren't for everybody.
A. chairs enough B. enough chairs
C. enough of chairs D. enough of chair
17. Ann and Peter phone every day.
A. their B. themselves
C. one another D. each other
18. I'll see you Tuesday afternoon.
A. at B. on C. in D. for
19. Gloria last week?
A. Have you seen B. Did you see
C. Do you see D. Were you seeing
20. There's the man took your hat.
A. which B. Ø C. where D. who
21. The water Can you turn it off?
A. boil B. boils C. is boiling D. boiled
22. If you took more exercises, you better.
A. feel B. felt
C. will feel D. would feel
23. Many accidents by reckless driving.
A. are caused B. cause
C. caused D. had caused
24. Charlie said that he in London then.
A. is living B. lives C. was living D. lived
25. What is popular sport in your country?
A. more B. any more C. the most D. most
26. We were quite when we heard the news.
A. shock B. shocked
C. shocking D. shockingly
27. George has a part-time job. He works three mornings week.
A. a B. an C. the D. Ø
28. One leg of the chair was damaged.
A. slight B. slighting C. slighted D. slightly
29. Listen! Can you hear ?
A. musical B. the music C. a music D. music
30. Oh! I my finger. It's bleeding.
A. cut B. was cut C. have cut D. cutting
31. You follow your doctor's instructions.
A. would rather B. had better
C. must have D. should have

32. They had to their wedding until September.

- A. put back B. put off C. put of D. put on

33. Let's go and have a drink. We've got time before the train leaves.

- A. few B. a few C. little D. a little

34. Each of the participants willing to be recorded.

- A. was B. were C. have D. would

35. They asked speak any foreign languages.

- A. could I B. if could I
C. I could D. if I could

36. Don't cry over spilt

- A. milk B. water C. oil D. tea

37. Paul wrote three letters, and

- A. Suzan so did B. so did Mary
C. Mary would do D. would do Mary

38. Next year they married for 25 years.

- A. would be B. will be being
C. will have been D. are

39. Never live without my family.

- A. I will B. will I C. I would D. I could

40. Let's go for a walk, ?

- A. will you B. shall we C. shall you D. do we

Section Three: Reading Comprehension and

Vocabulary (Questions 31-50)

Read the following three passages and choose (A), (B), (C), or (D) for the questions following each.

I. Reality television is a kind of television programming which, **it is claimed**, presents humorous situations, documents actual events, and features ordinary people rather than professional actors. Although this has existed in some form or another since the early years of television, the current explosion of popularity dates from around 2000. Part of reality television's appeal is **due to** its ability to place ordinary people in extraordinary situations. For example, on the ABC show, The Bachelor, an eligible male dates a dozen women simultaneously, travelling on extraordinary dates to scenic locales.

41. The main idea of this passage is

- A. The ABC show, The Bachelor
B. Reality Television actors
C. The popularity of Reality Television
D. The people and situations Reality Television presents

42. In the passage, the writer says **it is claimed** because

- A. they agree with the statement
B. everyone agrees with the statement
C. no one agrees with the statement
D. they want to distance themselves from the statement

43. Reality television has

- A. always been this popular
B. been popular since well before 2000
C. only been popular since 2000
D. been popular since approximately 2000

44. Reality TV appeals to some because it

- A. shows eligible males dating women
B. uses exotic locations
C. shows average people in exceptional circumstances
D. can turn ordinary people into celebrities

45. In this text, the word **due to** means

- A. because of B. although C. never D. also

46. According to the text, one of the following is NOT presented on Reality TV.

- A. humorous situations B. professional actors
C. ordinary people D. extraordinary situations

II. The old saying that dogs are humans' best friends has been around for centuries. Famous for **their** affectionate and **loyal** nature, dogs are often regarded as friends rather than pets. Children and old people are particularly inclined to develop close relationships with their dogs. After centuries of being bred to be **domestic animals**, dogs have developed into safe companions. It is true that occasionally a dog can go wild and attack someone, sometimes causing severe injuries. Such cases are rare and almost always involve animals that have been trained to be **aggressive**. This doesn't mean that dogs are naturally violent or dangerous. Rather, it means that they can be trained to perform a number of tasks.

47. The main idea of this passage is

- A. Dogs are man's best friends
B. The affectionate and loyal nature of dogs
C. The severe injuries dogs can cause
D. Training of dogs to do a number of tasks

48. The word **their** refers to

- A. humans B. friends C. dogs D. pets

49. In this text, the opposite of **loyal** is

- A. faithful B. unfaithful C. dishonest D. tough

50. In the text, the expression **domestic animals** means

- A. pets B. wild animals
C. violent animals D. dangerous animals

51. In this text, the word **aggressive** means

- A. sage B. violent & dangerous
C. friendly D. peaceful

52. According to the text, those who tend to make close relationships with dogs are

- A. people not attacked by dogs
B. people who train dogs
C. children and old people
D. children

53. According to the text, dogs

- A. can learn to do a number of tasks
- B. are naturally violent
- C. don't like training
- D. are not trained well

Section Four: Controlled Writing (Questions 51-60)

I. Choose (A), (B), (C), or (D) to complete each of the following sentences.

54. Many people do not know how

- A. can they depend on themselves
- B. they can depend on themselves
- C. depend they on themselves
- D. themselves can they depend on

55. Mr. Smith enjoys

- A. neither nor lecturing grading papers
- B. nor lecturing neither grading papers
- C. neither lecturing grading papers nor
- D. neither lecturing nor grading papers

56. You should not avoid

- A. facing problems
- B. problems face
- C. face problems
- D. to face problems

57. Many people carry not only credit cards cash.

- A. but also
- B. also
- C. nor
- D. and

58. This is the place we stayed last time we visited.

- A. which
- B. when
- C. where
- D. how

II. Choose (A), (B), (C), or (D) that has the correct linking word.

59. She was often sad, sometimes she didn't eat her food.

- A. but
- B. or
- C. while
- D. and

60. I was born in France, I speak French.

- A. because
- B. since
- C. so
- D. while

61. I was still nervous I knew the poem by heart.

- A. when
- B. after
- C. although
- D. if

III. Identify the one underlined word or phrase that is NOT CORRECT. Choose (A), (B), (C), or (D).

62. The life is strange sometimes.

- A B C D

63. There is some differences between British and

- A B C D

American English.

64. If only we know what to do.

- A B C D

65. I was sorry to hear that Fiona loses her job.

- A B C D

End of Test